REMEDIES SUBCOMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION NOTES – PERMANENCY

I. <u>GENERAL DISCUSSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Separate out the use for the background studies to have different disqualifying crimes:

- Adam Walsh Act Compliance (The group needs to consider if this should be broader to include all programs that work with children – including the Adam Walsh Act, Child Care Development Block Grant, Children's Residential Facilities, and Head Start or add a 5th bucket for the remaining programs that work with children)
- 2. Alcohol CD Related
- 3. Family Caretaker
- 4. Other vulnerable adults (nursing homes, long-term care, PCA's (non family))

Questions for DHS – how often do programs have to go through multiple background studies – i.e. Adam Walsh and Child Care Development Block Grant.

Separate out direct contact v. no direct contact

No permanent DQ's for juveniles

For non-Adam Walsh – no permanent bar to set-aside – to be discussed as part of the last topic

II. <u>PERMANENT SPECIFIC CRIME DISCUSSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Below is the breakdown of the Minnesota Permanent DQ list with what is required by Adam Walsh:

<u>Permanent Bar – Adam Walsh</u>

Federal - 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(20)(A)(i) – if a State finds that a court of competent jurisdiction has determined that the <u>felony was committed at any time</u>, such final approval <u>shall not be granted</u>

Felony conviction for child abuse or neglect

- a felony offense under <u>609.377</u> (malicious punishment of a child);
- a felony offense under <u>609.378</u> (neglect or endangerment of a child);

For spousal abuse

- <u>609.2242</u> and <u>609.2243</u> (domestic assault)
- <u>609.2247</u> (domestic assault by strangulation);

For a crime against children (including child pornography)

• <u>609.2242</u> and <u>609.2243</u> (domestic assault)

- <u>609.2247</u> (domestic assault by strangulation);
- <u>609.322</u> (solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution); (Subd 1)
- <u>609.324</u>, <u>subdivision 1</u> (other prohibited acts); <u>child prostitution offenses</u>
- <u>609.352</u> (solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct);
- <u>609.2242</u> and <u>609.2243</u> (domestic assault)
- <u>609.2247</u> (domestic assault by strangulation);
- <u>617.23</u>, subdivision 2, clause (1), or subdivision 3, clause (1) (indecent exposure involving a minor);
- <u>617.246</u> (use of minors in sexual performance prohibited);
- <u>617.247</u> (possession of pictorial representations of minors
- <u>609.25</u> (kidnapping)

For a crime involving violence, including rape, sexual assault, or homicide but not including other physical assault or battery

- $\underline{609.185}$ (murder in the first degree);
- $\underline{609.19}$ (murder in the second degree);
- $\underline{609.195}$ (murder in the third degree);
- <u>609.20</u> (manslaughter in the first degree); drug dealer manslaughter?, it is homicide
- <u>609.205</u> (manslaughter in the second degree); no use of force required, but it is homicide
- <u>609.2247</u> (domestic assault by strangulation); is this different than physical assault?
- <u>609.2661</u> (murder of an unborn child in the first degree);
- <u>609.2662</u> (murder of an unborn child in the second degree);
- <u>609.2663</u> (murder of an unborn child in the third degree); dangerous/depraved mind?
- <u>609.342</u> (criminal sexual conduct in the first degree);
- <u>609.343</u> (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree);
- <u>609.344</u> (criminal sexual conduct in the third degree);
- <u>609.345</u> (criminal sexual conduct in the fourth degree);
- <u>609.3451</u> (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree); Subd. 3
- <u>609.3453</u> (criminal sexual predatory conduct); for most 609.341 (22) "predatory crimes"
- <u>609.3458</u> (sexual extortion); likely to be sexual assault
- <u>609.245</u> (aggravated robbery); likely a crime of violence in most if not all fact patterns
- <u>609.561</u> (arson in the first degree); assuming arson is a crime of violence
- <u>609.66</u>, <u>subdivision 1e</u> (drive-by shooting);
- <u>609.855</u>, <u>subdivision 5</u> (shooting at or in a public transit vehicle or facility);

5 Year Bar from date of incident- Adam Walsh

Federal - 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(20)(A)(ii) - a felony conviction for physical assault, battery, or a drug-related offense, if a State finds that a court of competent jurisdiction has determined that the felony was committed within the past 5 years, such final approval shall not be granted;

• a felony offense under <u>609.2242</u> and <u>609.2243</u> (domestic assault) victim is not spouse or child

- a felony offense under 609.221 or 609.222 (assault in the first or second degree)
- a felony offense under <u>609.223</u> or <u>609.2231</u> (assault in the third or fourth degree)
- Drug related offenses- chapter 152 (drugs; controlled substance); or Minnesota Statutes 2012, section <u>609.21</u>; or a felony-level conviction involving alcohol or drug use.

245C Permanent Disqualifications that are not Adam Walsh Offenses

- <u>609.3451</u> (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree); Subd. 2
- <u>609.3453</u> (criminal sexual predatory conduct); where "predatory crime" is assault 1-3
- <u>609.365</u> (incest);
- <u>243.166</u> (violation of predatory offender registration law);
- <u>609.228</u> (great bodily harm caused by distribution of drugs);
- <u>609.322</u> (solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution); ?? (Subd 1a)
- <u>609.749</u>, <u>subdivision 3</u>, 4, or 5 (felony-level harassment or stalking); mostly no use force element
- Aiding and abetting, attempt, or conspiracy
- Disqualification based on judicial determination other than conviction
- Disqualifications based on preponderance of the evidences
- Disqualifications based on juvenile delinquency adjudication

United States Code, title 42, section 9858f – this is where we need to decide if we are going to separate Adam Walsh from the remaining subdivisions since Assault is included

- Required to register on a state sex offender registry or National Sex Offender Registery
- has been convicted of a felony consisting of—
 - murder, as described in section 1111 of title 18;
 - child abuse or neglect;
 - a crime against children, including child pornography;
 - o spousal abuse;
 - a crime involving rape or sexual assault;
 - kidnapping;
 - o arson;
 - o physical assault or battery; or
 - subject to subsection (e)(4), a drug-related offense committed during the preceding 5 years; or
- has been convicted of a violent misdemeanor committed as an adult against a child, including the following crimes: child abuse, child endangerment, sexual assault, or of a misdemeanor involving child pornography.

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The term "crime of violence" means-

(a)an offense that has as an element the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person or prop-erty of another, or

(b)any other offense that is a felony and that, by its nature, involves a substantial risk that physical force against the person or property of another may be used in the course of committing the offense.

III. <u>FOLLOW-UP</u>

FOR THE NEXT MEETING:

- 1. Finalize the buckets for DQ background study uses
- 2. Finalize the permanent DQ list, including whether different background study uses have a different list of crimes (As a reminder the 2008 recommendations included the removal of all non-murder and CSC crimes for non-Adam Walsh background studies)

Question for DHS: whether someone who formerly had to register, but no longer has to register, is permanently disqualified?

LD to discuss with Chair Geffen how much detail is requested from the Remedies subcommittee for our recommendations and how a request could be made for the financial cost of background studies